

Towards a distributed research data management system

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Research Data Management at RWTH Aachen University

- Project group with members from the
 - University Library
 - Department Research and Career
 - IT Center
- Goal:

Establishing a structered and sustainable Research Data Management at RWTH Aachen University

- Measures:
 - support structures for researchers
 - training in RDM topics
 - improving the technical infrastructure





What are Metadata and why do I need them?

- Metadata are data describing data
- Metadata helps me to find an re-use data
- Metadata needs to be created in a systematic and structured way





Basic idea of our approach

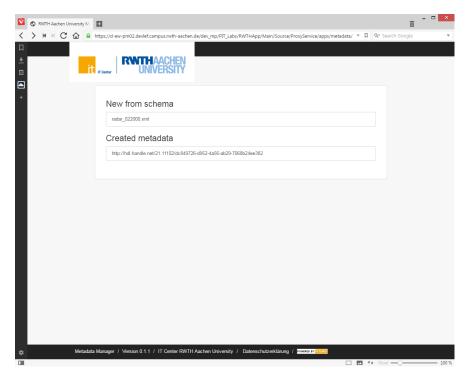
- Providing a tool to create and store metadata that
 - integrates into existing environments;
 - is easy to use;
 - can be used in all phases of the research process;
 - inter-operates with other tools;

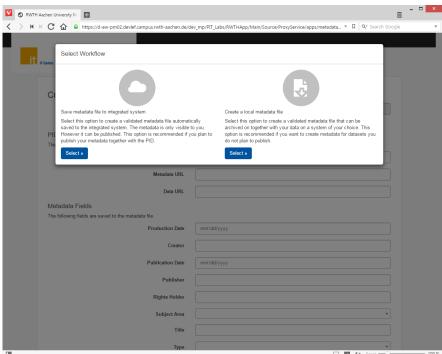




Walkthrough Metadata Tool (I)

Metadataschemas / Storage location



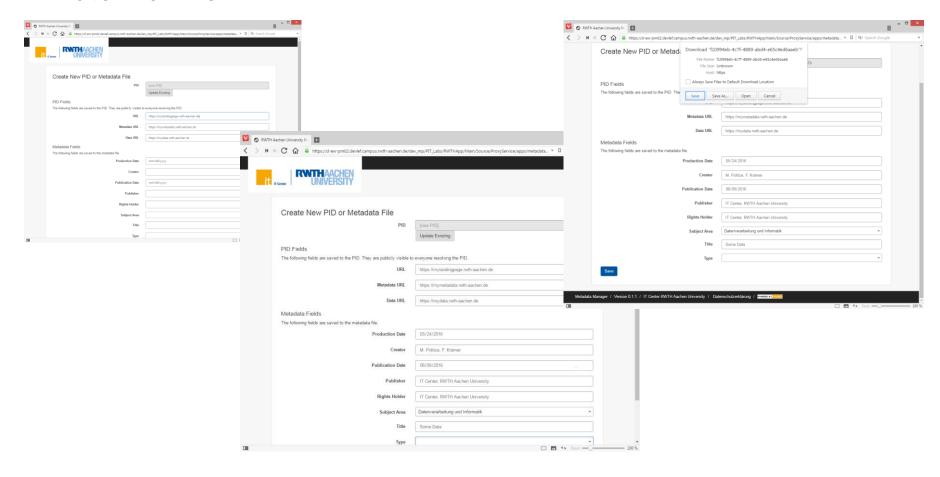






Walkthrough Metadata Tool (III)

Private Workflow

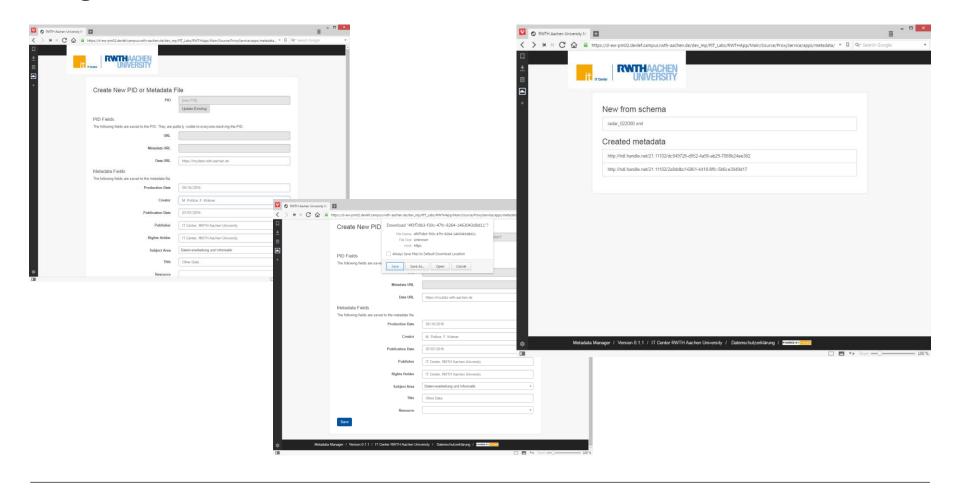






Walkthrough Metadata Tool (II)

Integrated Workflow

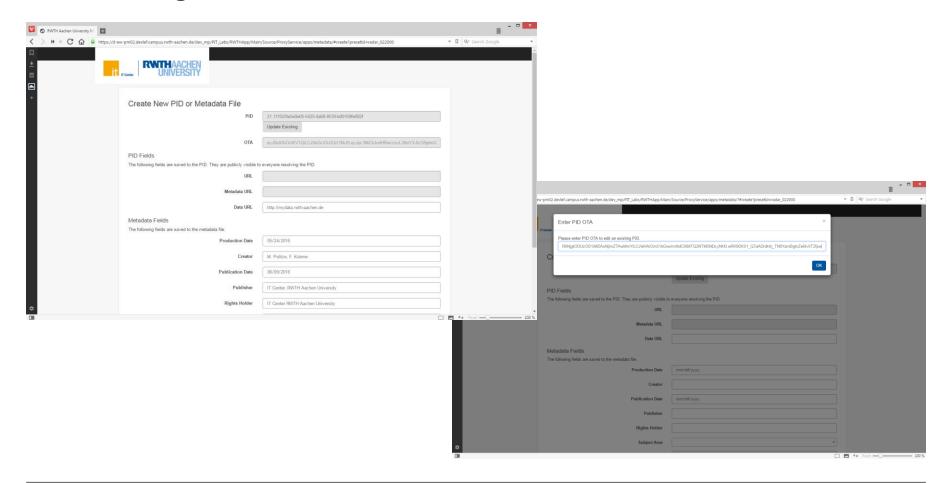






Walkthrough Metadata Tool (IV)

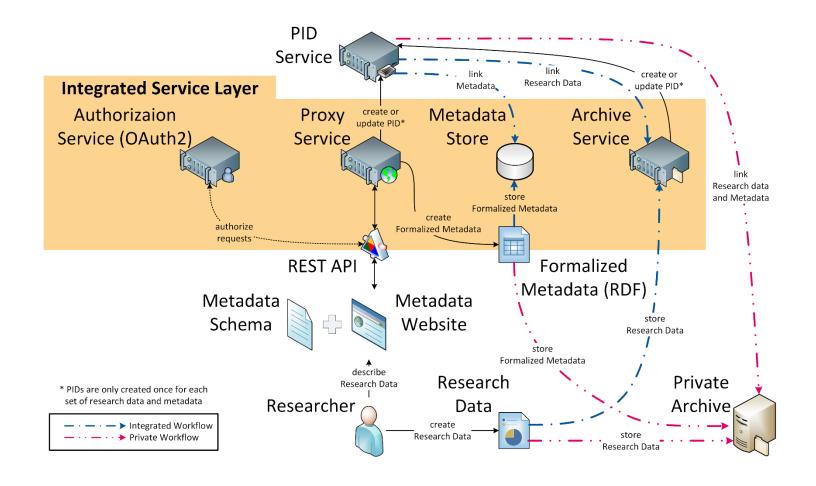
PID handling







Private and Integrated Workflow

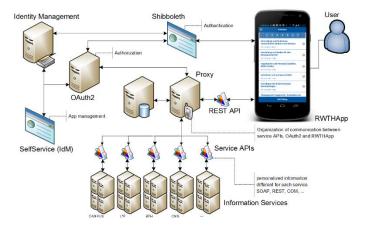






Architecture

- REST Webservices
 - Automation of metadata creation early in the research process
 - Use (part of) the workflows to support individual processes at the institutes
- User Interface
 - Easy to use with basic functionality
 - To get started without programming knowledge
- Integrated into Infrastructure at RWTH Aachen
 - OAuth2 subsystem for authorization
 - Caching for faster response times
 - Redundancy to maximize availability







Extensibility I

- PID One Time Access Tokens (OTA)
 - Used to hand over control of PID between systems
 - Based on JSON Web Token
- Web Services using OAuth
 - Each operation can be called by external applications
 - Authorizations can be passed and revoked at any time
- Workflows can be combined
 - Private and integrated workflow can be combined
 - Allows maximum flexibility to fit existing research processes
- Data can be moved from private to integrated
 - for collaboration private
 - for integrated for long term storage / archive





Extensibility II

- Many metadata schemas are available as RDF+OWL
 - Domain specific as well as independent
 - Can be combined with other dialects such as RDF+SKOS can be
- However they have to be adopted or extended
 - Extensions are easy as multiple ontologies can be linked
 - Ontologies can be reduced
- Ontologies can describe properties of the metadata schema itself
 - Default and calculated values
 - Localized Descriptions and Labels
 - Domain and Ranges





Metadata and Metadata Schema Requirements

- Metadata and metadata schemas in machine readable format
 - Descriptions of metadata fields
 - Multi Language (German, English)
- Format should be consistent, flexible and self explanatory
 - For domain specific and domain independent metadata schemas
 - Readable in 10-15 Years from now
- Availability of already existing schemas
 - Reuse and adhere existing standards
 - Combine and extend when nessesary





RDF and OWL

- RDF (Resource Description Framework)
 - W3C Standard model for data interchange in the Semantic Web
 - RDF documents form a labelled graph
 - Node in the graph are denoted by URIs



- OWL (Web Ontology Language)
 - W3C Semantic Web language to represent knowledge graphs
 - Based on RDF
 - OWL documents lift graphs to ontologies by adding semantics
 - Properties of relations can be defined
- → Metadata Schema and Metadata form a Linked data graph





A Metadata Schema in RDF, OWL, and XML

```
<!ENTITY rdf 'http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#'>
<!ENTITY rdfs 'http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#'>
<!ENTITY terms 'http://purl.org/dc/terms/'>
<rdf:RDF>
  <AnnotationProperty rdf:about="&terms;creator">
    <rdfs:label xml:lang="en">Creator</rdfs:label>
    <rdfs:range rdf:resource="&rdfs;Literal" />
  </AnnotationProperty>
 <AnnotationProperty rdf:about="&terms;dateSubmitted">
    <rdfs:label xml:lang="en">Publication Date</rdfs:label>
   <rdfs:range
      rdf:resource="https://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-2-20010502/#dateTime" />
  </AnnotationProperty>
 <ObjectProperty rdf:about="&terms;subject">
    <rdfs:label xml:lang="en">Subject Area</rdfs:label>
    <rdfs:range rdf:resource="http://udcdata.info/078887" />
 </ObjectProperty>
 <AnnotationProperty rdf:about="&terms;title">
    <rdfs:label xml:lang="en">Title</rdfs:label>
  </AnnotationProperty>
</rdf:RDF>
```





Description of a Dataset in RDF, OWL, and XML





Future Work

- Enhance system to function as interface for PID registration
- Provide metadata for archive and publication domain
- Implement browsing of stored metadata (&data)
- Provide sample scripts that automatically transfer existing to be adopted by researchers
- Create acceptance!





Thank you for your attention

Vielen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit



